

The Hillsborough Recorder.

C. N. B. & T. C. EVANS, EDITORS AND PUBLISHERS.

WE KNEEL TO NONE BUT GOD.

TERMS—\$2 50 A YEAR, INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

New Series—Vol. 2, No. 17.

HILLSBOROUGH, N. C., MAY 18, 1870.

—Old Series, Vol. 50

1870!

MONEY SAVED,

Money Made!

PRODUCE only wanted at Wholesale price—

at Retail prices. HENRY N. BROWN.

Hillsboro' Jan. 25th, 1870. no 1

PACE'S WAREHOUSE.

DANVILLE, VA.

PACE BROTHERS & CO., Proprietors.

Situated in the Centre of the Town.

Near y Opposite the Turnall Hotel.

Opened 1st February, 1870.

Largest Warehouse in the Town!

THE SPLENDID SALES-ROOM

Sixty by 120 feet has sixteen skylights!

Room for Loading up WAGONS in at night 60 by 100 feet. STABLES with stalls under the roof.

Water convenient. House with four rooms for persons with WAGONS; in fact our accommodations are unequalled.

On opening, we caused a Reduction of charges to the extent that it will be a saving of more than \$10,000 this year to the PLANTERS!

\$50 Premium!

Payable to the Planter who gets the highest price for Tobacco sold at our House between the 1st Feb. and 1st June next, lot to be not less than 250 lbs.

Patrons solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.

EDMUND M. PACE,

late of Halifax county, Va.

ROBERT G. PACE,

late of Pittsylvania co., Va.

J. MAC SMITH,

late of Rockingham co., N. C.

JERMAN W. PACE,

of Halifax, Special Partner.

Feb 1870. nmf

TO THE WORKING CLASS—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c to \$1 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer. To each we are not unwilling to send a copy of the book for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample, which will do to commence work on, and a copy of the People's Literary Companion—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work address: E. C. ALLEN & CO., Augusta, Maine.

LORELLARD'S EUREKA,

SMOKING TOBACCO.

is an excellent article of granulated Virginia tobacco, wherever introduced, it is universally admired. It is put up in handsome msn bags in which orders for Merchants Pipes are daily packed.

LORELLARD'S Yacht Club

SMOKING TOBACCO.

The Nettle has been extracted; it leaves no disagreeable taste after smoking; it is very mild, light in color and weight, hence one pound will last as long as ordinary tobacco. In this brand we also pack orders every day for 1st quality Merchants Pipes. Try it and convince yourself it is all it claims to be, "THE FIRST OF ALL."

LORELLARD'S CENTURY

CHewing TOBACCO.

Tobacco in the country.

LORELLARD'S SNUFFS.

have been in general use in the U. S. over 110 years, and still acknowledged "the best" wherever used.

If your stockkeeper does not have this article for sale, ask him to get them; they are sold by respectable jobbers almost everywhere.

Circular of prices forwarded on application.

P. LORELLARD & CO., New York.

mar 2 2m

SMOKING TOBACCO!

R. F. Morris' Eureka Durham Smoking Tobacco or sale by

VINEGAR.

Pure Apple Vinegar, White Wine Vinegar at E. H. FOGUE'S.

IRON.

Sweden Iron Band Iron Hoop Iron Wring Iron a full stock of Mountain Iron at

BACON & LARD.

Bacon and Lard and best Molasses cheap at FOGUE'S

WINE AND LIQUORS,

AT THE

BLUE STORE,

Portsmouth, Va.

I have on hand a full stock of selected brands of choice Wines and Liquors, such as

Branies, Wines, Whiskies, Rums, Gins.

Alas, Porter,

and a fine selection of CIGARS and everything to the Liquor business, which I am prepared to sell as cheap as any other establishment. My motto is QUICK SALES and SMALL PROFITS, and with many thanks to my former patrons and soliciting an increased patronage I hope, by undivided attention to business, to receive it.

Don't forget the place, No. 41 High Street, Portsmouth, Va.

March 16, 1870. JOHN SMITH.

POCKET KNIVES.

A fine Assortment at the

BRUSHES.

HAIR and Tooth Brushes at the

SOAP.

TOILET Soap at the

March 16th.

Cooking Stoves,

and extra Lids at

W. S. BOULEAC,

Formerly of Hillsborough, N. Carolina,

D. T. WILLIAMS,

Gen'l. Commission Merchant,

No. 1 Tobacco Exchange,

RICHMOND, VA.

Leaf Tobacco and Grain.

I TAKE pleasure in returning sincere thanks to my numerous friends in the border Counties of Virginia and North Carolina for their very liberal patronage and support during the past three years, and to assure them that I am now in a better situation than ever before to serve them with more extended and thorough knowledge of my business, built up at great trouble and expense, with arrangements perfected to give my customers the benefit of any market they desire. I confidently offer my services with the most positive assurance of satisfaction. I respectfully refer those who do not know me to Messrs. Johnson & Pichlin and W. S. Patton, Esqs. Bankers, Danville, Va.; James Webb, Jr., of Hillsboro', N. C., who will cash all my checks and authorized sign drafts.

Orders for Fertilizers and supplies from reliable customers promptly attended to.

D. T. WILLIAMS.

H. HOLLAND, DAN'L. COLEMAN, F. R. LAWS

HOLLAND'S WAREHOUSE.

DANVILLE VA.

WE respectfully return our thanks for their liberal patronage heretofore extended to us, and pledge the Planter that we will get them the HIGHEST MARKET PRICE for their Tobacco.

This is a large and

COMMODOUS WAREHOUSE

with superior Sky Light. Good Wagon Yard, with water on the lot—good Rooms for Wagoners to stay in at night.

Wagons can stay in the Warehouse at night. We give Checks on the BANK, when Tobacco is sold.

S. H. HOLLAND & CO.

March 24. 16-3m

Kerosene Oil,

Spirits of Turpentine, Hard Lamps, Lanterns and Nails.

POGUES.

CORN CORN!

A LARGE LOT ON HAND & ARRIVING

On Consignment,

Will be sold as low as possible, for

CASH ONLY.

E. H. FOGUE.

10 BARRELS seed sweet POTATOES for sale by the Barrel at

E. H. FOGUE'S.

L aquila coffee, Java coffee, Prime Rio coffee, at

POGUES.

Watches & Jewelry.

Those attending to Watches and Jewelry, find a good assortment of Watches,

Jewelry, Spectacles and

Plated Ware,

the newest styles at the sign of the Big Watch. Watches and Jewelry repaired—Every body knows where I can be found; at the old store, where I have been for thirty years.

JOHN C. PALMER,

Raleigh, N. C.

Oct 1869 2m

New Commission House.

J. D. WILSON & SON.

Hillsboro, N. C., one door South of Brown.

RESPECTFULLY solicit consignment of Corn, Meal, Flour, Bacon, Lard and all other Produce. They will give strict personal attention to all business confided to them, and will make prompt returns in money for goods sold.

They intend to keep on hand a general assortment of Groceries, also

Flour, Meal, Corn, Bacon, Lard, Coffee, Bonanias, Nutmegs, &c.

They refer by permission to Messrs Geo. Laws, C. M. Latimore, P. B. Ruffin and H. K. Nash.

April 13 1870.

FARM-YARD SCRAPS.

Prepare your ground for turnips.

Remember the old adage: Sow the last of July and you will have them wet or dry.

To destroy Ants, procure a large sponge, wash it well and press it dry, which will leave the cells quite open, then sprinkle over it some fine white sugar, and place it where the ants are troublesome. They will soon collect upon the sponge and take up their abode in the cells. It is only necessary to dip the sponge in scalding hot water, which will wash them out dead. Put on more sugar and set the trap for a new haul; this process will soon clear the house of every ant.

MANURES, &c.

Let every farmer study the science of manures, as all good farming depends upon it.

Composting under shelter is an important process which no farmer can afford to neglect.

All lands under cultivation should be kept in that condition best adapted to the appropriation of atmospheric fertilizers.

Every barn-yard should be so constructed as to allow of no drainage of manures from it, and should be plentifully supplied with absorbents, such as muck, mds, straw, corn stalks, pond mud, road scrapings, ditch cleanings, weeds, refuse grasses, &c.

Farmers should keep a larger proportion of their lands in pasture, for the purpose of allowing the land more rest and more rotation, as well as for the purpose of making more manure by the greater number of animals they would thus be enabled to keep.

Everything upon the farm, not otherwise valuable, and capable of being made into manure, should be appropriated for that object. More especially should all refuse matters about the farm buildings be promptly converted into manure for profit and for health.

HEALTH OF COWS.

Good health in domestic animals is always a matter of primary importance.

As bad health in parents transmits a tendency to disease in the offspring, it is important that every kind of animal we desire to keep on our farms should be kept vigorous and healthy.

As domestic animals are a source of human food, it is of great importance to preserve them in a healthy condition. Disease must carry its qualities into the stomach of its consumers. It is a serious objection which vegetarians urge against the use of animal food, that the artificial circumstances in which animals live, and the bad treatment they receive, render them unhealthy. As an unhealthy animal does not consume food to as good advantage as a well one, it is economical to avoid disease.

As comparative misery and discomfort accompany disease, it is human, as well as economical to see that the animals under our care enjoy, as far as possible, their creature comforts.

Each of these circumstances is a sufficient reason for guarding with scrupulous care the health of the animals we feed; but when we derive milk from the animals, it is doubly important that they are kept free from every objectionable taint. A sickly cow not only yields a diminished profit, but she yields a sickly milk, and sickly in a higher degree than her flesh.

If a cow eats anything that has a strong or disagreeable odor, it appears in her milk.

If a cow eats anything medicinal, it comes out in her milk.

If she is feverish, her milk shows it.

If she has sores about her, pus may be found in her milk.

If she is fed upon decayed or diseased food, her milk, since it is derived from her food, will be imperfect. It is as impossible to make good milk from bad food as to make a good building from rotten timber.

Little Falls Farmer.

WHAT ONE HEN WILL DO.

Brother Moore, of the "Rural New Yorker," was sitting in his office one afternoon, some years ago, when a farmer friend came in and said: "Friend Moore, I like your paper, but times are so hard I cannot pay for it."

"Is that so, friend Jones? I am very sorry to hear that you are so poor; and if you are really so hard run, I will give you my paper."

"Oh, no! I can't take it as a gift."

"Well, then, let's see how we can fix it. You raise chickens, I believe?"

"Yes, a few, but they don't bring anything hardly."

"Don't they? Neither does my paper cost anything, hardly. Now, I have a proposition to make to you: I will continue your paper, and when you go home you may select from your lot one hen and call her mine. Take good care of her and bring me the proceeds, whether in eggs or in chickens, and we will call it square."

"All right, brother Moore; and the old fellow chuckled at what he thought a capital bargain. He kept the contract strictly, and at the end of the year found that he had paid about four prices for his paper. He never told the joke on himself, and says he never has had the face to say he was too poor to take a paper since that day.

Farmer and Planter.

A MOST ADMIRABLE HIT.—In Senator Bayard's recent speech on the admission of Gen. Ames, he got off the following, which is most admirable of its kind, and telling in its application:

"But, sir, there was one element of human character that the Senator overlooked. He forgot the force of habit—habit that can almost change the stamp of nature. The habit of indulgence in party feeling will grow upon a man or a set of men so strongly, that involuntarily, gratuitously, without any inducement worthy of the name, still the habit will be indulged. There is an instance of that force of habit which occurred to me at the time of the honorable Senator's appeal, related by Mr. Henry Fielding in his history of a very illustrious man, 'Jonathan Wild, the Great,' and the Count La Ruse. I will read as an illustration of the tendency I refer to. These two friends, Jonathan Wild and Count La Ruse, sat down to cards, a circumstance which I should not have mentioned but for the sake of observing the prodigious force of habit; for though the Count knew if he won ever so much of Mr. Wild, he should not receive a shilling; yet he could not refrain from packing the cards; nor could Wild keep his hands out of his friend's pockets, though he knew there was nothing in them."

A MAMMOTH ANIMAL.—One of the greatest curiosities that was ever in Wytheville is now on exhibition here in the shape of an ox of the most gigantic size. He is eighteen hands high, thirteen feet long, three feet nine inches from hip to hip, and weighs 4,545 pounds. This huge ox will be on exhibition in town on Monday next, and is well worth a quarter (the admission fee) to see him. —Wytheville Ent.

Alarmance County.

A meeting of the Conservatives of Graham Township No. 6, was, according to previous notice, held in the Court House in Graham on the 7th day of May, 1870.

On motion of Dr. J. A. Moore, the meeting was organized by calling to the Chair T. C. Foust, Esq., and appointing James D. Bason to act as Secretary. Dr. Moore, by request of the Chairman explained the object of the meeting in a few appropriate and well-timed remarks.

The meeting then proceeded to the election of five delegates to represent the Township in the County Convention, to be held on the 28th inst. The election resulted in the choice of Joel Bason, Dr. W. C. Tarpley, Dr. J. R. Ruffin, Joseph A. Long and Peter F. Holt.

On motion of J. A. Long, the Chairman appointed the following committee to draft resolutions expressive of the sentiments of the meeting, to-wit: Jacob A. Long, John R. Stockard, G. L. Gresson, G. W. Freedland and J. G. Albright.

After a short absence the committee, through John A. Long, reported the following resolutions which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved 1st. That we fully endorse the platform and principles as enunciated in the address published by the Conservative members of the late Legislature.

Resolved 2nd. That no man who has the welfare of his country at heart can approve of the reckless extravagance and corruption which has been practiced in our State government under its present administration.

Resolved 3rd. That we are opposed to lawlessness or violence from whatever source it may come, that we believe it to be essential to the peace and prosperity of our whole country that the laws should be observed and that we are decidedly of the opinion that if the management of the State government was given to men of North Carolina whom the people respect and can trust instead of being controlled by foreigners and adventurers who have come among us for plunder and pillage, this itself would do much to improve the condition of our country.

Resolved 4th. That we cordially invite all men who desire the peace and prosperity of their country to unite with us in bringing about a reformation in the management of our affairs.

Resolved 5th. That our delegates in the county Convention are directed to vote for as nominees, only such men as are known to be true to the best interest of the people; men who are above suspicion and not for sale.

Upon motion of James E. Boyd, the following delegates were appointed from the Township to attend the District Convention in Greensboro, on the 26th inst.: Jas. E. Boyd, Dr. J. A. Moore, J. S. Scott, J. A. Graham, J. L. Scott, A. C. McAlister, T. M. Holt, Clem C. Curtis, J. A. Turroune and J. B. McMurray.

Upon motion the chairman was added to the list.

On motion it was ordered that a copy of the proceedings of the meeting be forwarded to the Sentinel for publication, with a request that the Hillsboro Recorder and Greensboro Patriot copy.

T. C. FOUST, Chm'r.

J. D. BASON, Sec'y.

Fred Douglass' Advice to the Colored Voter.

At the ratification celebration in Philadelphia Frederick Douglass, delivered a very lengthy speech, replete with advice to the new voters. From the concluding portion of his address we clip the following, which is very opposite to the state of things now existing in Richmond:

"I hope that the old men here who hear me will remember that anything more than moral suasion to a difference of opinion, a difference of political action among colored people (but, my friends, I am not going to give advice for we are in the position just now to receive perhaps more than we can dispose of in that line), but let me say that one of the first things that we colored voters have to learn is this: to respect to the fullest extent, to respect in each other, the right to a difference of opinion."

"I hear some men say that if the black man, in this enlightened age, should vote the Democratic ticket let him be denominated [Cheers.] Gentlemen I do not share that opinion at all. I am a Republican—a Black Republican [cheers] dyed in the wool—and I never intend to belong to any other than the party of freedom and progress. [Cheers.] But if one of my colored fellow-citizens chooses to think that the interests of the country can be better subserved by giving his vote against the Republican party, I, as an American citizen, and as one desirous to learn the first principles of free government, affirm his right—his undoubted right—to vote as he chooses."

"What we have to learn is respect for the law everywhere; it is not to lead and control the opinions of our fellow-citizens. I am a lover of freedom. I am a Protestant. [Cheers.] I believe in a free conscience, both religiously and politically. I go in for the first, second, and last, and I want you to do so too."

"I am down upon any one who begins to question a man who is going to vote a ticket different from his own. That talk was commenced in the District of Columbia. Nothing! nothing! nothing will tarnish our liberty in this country so much as doing that. We are to respect each other's rights."

GHOST.

"Believe in ghosts? Well, so! I can't say I do, and yet something I saw in Virginia, one night during the war, somewhat staggered me, and I have never exactly known what to think about it. I know, though, that Tom Fairfax would swear to these being ghosts, or at least one ghost to this entire satisfaction on the subject."

"Tell it to you? Certainly I will; and maybe, as you are so well versed in ghostly lore, you can explain what it was that we saw—not Tom and I alone, but hundreds of the boys, for we were several days in the same place, and the whole picket line saw it repeatedly. See if any of your German metaphysical works will explain it. I ask, for it puzzles me."

"We were camped on some old fields near the edge of a dense wood that was remarkable for the want of undergrowth; you could see way into the thick, cool woods, with nothing but the trunks of the trees to obstruct your vision as far as your sight could reach."

The first night we camped there I was off duty, being ill; we were on the alert, for we knew the enemy were not far off, and were expecting to see them at any moment, and our sentries were thrown out to avoid surprise. I heard the alarm during the night from the pickets, and the stir in camp, but was too unwell to get up and see about it, as I found the alarm was not general, and the next morning laughed heartily at the tale of a ghost having driven in the pickets, but when the thing was repeated the ensuing night, I began to think someone was playing practical jokes—either the men or some one who wanted to pass the line."

"On the third night I was able to stand sentry myself, and Tom Fairfax and I requested the colonel to put us on that road; he did so, and as Tom left me and went on ahead to the outer post, he laughingly said: 'Well, James, old boy, let's find out what the material the ghost is made of if it comes to us to-night.'"

"All right; I'm with you," I replied.

"If he's flesh and blood, I'd not like to be in his shoes, for I don't intend he shall make a fool of me."

I forgot to mention that in the distance adjoining the field upon which we were encamped, were the ruins of an old-time Virginia mansion that had evidently been built in the first settlement of the State; the main road running through the woods, and the spectre had been seen, but upon a by-road leading to an old mill on a rapid and deep, and yet very narrow stream of water."

It was a brilliant starlight night; the moon had sunk to rest, after showing her silver crescent to the admiring gaze of those who loved to look upon nature's beauties; and the light being steady and equal, one could see for a good distance. Fairfax was stationed near enough for me to hear his challenge, should any one come that way. In talking the matter over, we had both arrived at the conclusion that some one was trying to pass the lines, and we were determined to catch him, if possible. As time rolled by and nothing came, I gradually ceased to think of it; and my thoughts reverted to home and its loved ones, doubly dear to me, and the form of a dear, little blue-eyed darling who was waiting, my return with anxious, prayerful heart, was very palpable to my mind's eye; and so deeply was I absorbed that Tom's challenge of "Who goes there? speak, or I'll fire on you!" fell upon my ear without drawing my attention to it, till startled by the report of his gun, and after a moment's dead silence, a yell so thrilling that it curdled my blood.

Looking down the road I saw running toward me on foot, whose usual fleetness had been added lightning speed, Tom Fairfax, the dauntless hero of an hundred hair-breadth escapes, and closely following after him glided a singular looking blue light that seemed in the distance to be a column of flame about six feet high. As Tom reached me he exclaimed, "Great God! James, what is it?" and fell in a dead faint at my feet.

As the thing approached me it took the semblance of a headless man wrapped in a pale, blue flame that flickered in the night air, just looking like little tongues of fire flicking the shape. Though startled nearly out of my senses, I waited till it was within five feet of me, and fired my gun right into its breast. The flame waved and opened, span up a foot or two, and then settled back into the flickering sheet of fire, and the evil thing sped steadily on past me toward the old mansion down the road.

I turned to help Tom, and as I did so, some of the guard from the main road reached us; for, hearing the report of his gun and his yell, followed by my gun, they had not waited for orders, but hurried to our relief, and they saw the thing as it passed on toward the house. We carried Tom to camp senseless, and a nice spell of brain fever was the result of his fright, and it would take more reasoning power than any one I ever heard of possessing to make Tom think there are not ghosts."

None of the men would stay alone on that post, and a squad was left there for the rest of the night. I fully determined to search the old mansion and make inquiries about it; but we moved our quarters in a hurry next day, and never knew the secret of the headless man, and that road, or what scene of crime that old mill and the ruined mansion have shared between them."

Mrs. Revels at Grant's Table.

A Scene at the White House—A Guinea Gilder at a State Dinner.

Death of a veteran Editor and a good Man.

DENNIS HEARTT who founded the Hillsborough Recorder the 20th of February 1820 and who edited and published it up to the 22nd of January 1869, at which time one of the present proprietors assumed charge, died at his residence in this place, Friday morning, the 13th inst., at eight o'clock. His lamp was put out in the glory of a beautiful morning; he fell asleep like an old pilgrim who worried of his long journey falls to sleep under the shade of the trees. He was in his eighty-seventh year. A good man has run his race and got his prize.

HIS LAST MOMENTS

Was quiet and peaceful. In the exhaustion of a frame laid down under a ripe and temperate old age he slept in death rather than struggled to die. At eleven o'clock the night before he died he thanked Dr. Stradwick for the kind attention he had given him and bade him "good night."

HIS DEATH

Cast a glow over the entire town. The news ran from lip to lip "Mr. Heartt is dead!" and the sadness of the countenance bespoke the deep respect of each one. His funeral was preached Saturday morning, 11 o'clock, at the Presbyterian church, by the Rev. Mr. Smith, from the text, "Asleep in Jesus." Every store, drinking saloons and all, was closed; the Recorder office stopped work and craps was hung upon the door.

AS AN EDITOR.

Mr. Heartt came from Philadelphia to Hillsboro in 1820 and established the Recorder. As an editor he wrote as he lived. As there was no decay about his character for honesty and integrity so there was no folly in his reputation for a polite and dignified journalist. His style was logical and nice. He generally wrote his editorials twice and three times over before giving them to press. Such was the character of his paper for truth and high toned morality that it was called "the old Testament."

HE TAUGHT GOV. HOLDEN THE BOXES.

Holden served his time as a bound apprentice under Dennis Heartt in the Recorder office. He was then a penniless boy; and now he is Governor of North Carolina. It is but due to the Governor to say that in his high place of preferment he never forgot the man who fixed his feet for him on the bottom round. But after the war when Mr. Heartt waxed old and tottered under the heavy burdens that staggered even the youngest of us, Gov. Holden had him appointed postmaster here and through his influence he retained the office till the day of his death; for Mr. Heartt was by no means a radical.

A SKETCH OF HIS LIFE.

DENNIS HEARTT was born in North Branford, Connecticut, on the 6th of November, 1783. His family sometime afterward moved over to New Haven. There was a printing office near by that was conducted by W. W. Morse, a brother of him who started the telegraph in this country, and in this office young Dennis was frequently fond of going. He conceived a fancy for the business and in 1798 he apprenticed himself for four years in the office of Read and Morse at New Haven. His duties were onerous indeed; in those days they used ink balls made out of green felt to ink the form with and the labor was twice as irksome and protracted as it is now-a-days. Mr. Heartt made such progress in the business that he after a while could set five thousand ems by noon after dinner. His application was indefatigable. He has stood at his case and elicited the type all night long and all day the next day without a wink of sleep or rest. While in this office Mr. Heartt was put once on a pamphlet written by Noah Webster. In reading the proof of the first form, Noah Webster—the dictionary man—marked out the i in fashion and wanted it spelled "fa-shon-i"; this was of course a great deal of trouble. But in the proof-sheet of the next form Webster marked in the "i"; and Mr. Heartt had all the trouble to do over again. We think it was in 1802 Mr. Heartt went from New Haven to Philadelphia. In 1810 he printed and published in Philadelphia a literary paper called "The Philadelphia Repository." He also published while in Philadelphia a paper edited by Chamberlayne—the man who had a difficulty with Tom Paine—and Chamberlayne swamped him for several hundred dollars. At sometime during his sojourn at this point he married a Miss Elizabeth Shinn who was born in Springfield county, at Burlington, New Jersey, on the 20th of March, 1785; and who died in Hillsboro the 26th of February, 1825. Mr. Heartt was a temperate man; he never used tobacco in any shape; he kept himself cleanly shaved, and detested a whisker or moustache. He was always a late sleeper. His venerable form is now

locked up in the clasp of eternity, and we have no sort of doubt but that the proofs of his life on earth will read clean in the eyes of the saved in heaven.

Under which flag, Reason?

The so-called Radical Convention that came off in Raleigh last week does not seem to have been a very harmonious body, if we credit reports. Galloway seems to have been a thorn in the Convention's side, and getting drunk and kicking up jack landed him in the guard-house. As the police bore him on to prison, a sable friend attempted his release, and he got knocked down.

Turbulent and disorderly, however, as the Convention may have been, it was respectable at least as to numbers.

The acquisition of Samuel P. Phillips, Esq., to the Republican party is a tower of strength and respectability, and well may Conservatives lament the step he has taken, though we presume it astonished no one, as, in common with two-thirds of the people of the State, he thirsts for office. Mr. Phillips is an able lawyer and, should he be elected Attorney General, will make a good officer.

Mr. Phillips made a speech accepting the nomination, in which he avowed himself a "Republican." He does not tell us what he means by the word "Republican." Pity that he did not define it, for the word now-a-days has several meanings. In Virginia, for instance, Gov. Walker heads a Republican party which is acceptable to the Conservatives, in that it eschews radicalism;—while ex-Gov. Wells leads another "Republican" party (radical) very different from the former, and which maintains the doctrine of social equality of the races and that dealing is no harm! This radical element of "Republicanism" is composed mainly of slow-down 'cusses' as bankrupt in character as fortune honestly acquired, and all the scallawags (men who sacrifice their honor, their principles and even their color, to get office), incontinently tie to it. Stealing is the morning-star of its glory, and if it has a political purpose in view that purpose is to give Congress the power to make and unmake the States at option—to erect a central head at Washington which shall make and unmake the laws of the States, and give the latter no more power than the Counties of a State are allowed by their creator now to exercise. That old leprous scab, Brownlow, proclaims this as a grand object of his (radical 'Republican') party, and for once he tells the truth. The people of North Carolina demand to know of Messrs Phillips and R. O. Badger (for he, too, seems to have been suddenly converted), to which wing of the 'Republican party' so-called, they belong—the honest wing or the dishonest—the decent or the indecent—the Gov. Walker wing or the ex-Gov. Wells faction, which can no more affiliate than oil can mix with water.

It Won't Do.

We Southern people are holding out every inducement to the genteel and clever people of the North to come down South and buy farms at big prices and settle on them. A great many clever Northerners—nowise responsible for the war—not a bit more than the writer is for secession—have done so. But we regret to hear that, in some sections outside of this country, these people are "sighted" by many of "our folks" and held in social contempt, for no other reason than because they are Northerners. This is very wrong—radically wrong—and no high-minded, chivalrous Southerner is guilty of it. We can whistle Dixie just as well as a Northerner can Yankee-doodle, but if he's a well behaved, clever fellow, we can respect and esteem him just as much as if he'd been no foolish war at all. I want to do to invite these people to come down South and live among us, and then turn up our noses at 'em. It's down right mean and a meanness our Southern heart condemns as the fruit of a "small potato" mind. Now the carpet-bagger who comes down South to steal and to lecture us on politics and religion, is a skunk that we despise as fully as much as we do the snake-eyed scallawag who, to get an office, hugs the "hogger" to his bosom and sheds crocodile tears because he wasn't born a nigger! Had we the power, we'd kick these thievish carpet-baggers into the black Republic of Hayti, and send the scallawags to hold their hats. But all Northerners that come South are not carpet-baggers. Many of them are entitled to our highest respect and social consideration, and let it not be said that we insult or mistreat them on account of prejudices generated by the war. We doubt if those who cherish these unmanly prejudices did any of the fighting—Gen. Lee and the gallant men who stood by him at the surrender, (when the South whipped the North) buried them in the grave of the lost cause, and there let them repose.

These remarks are elicited by a letter from a correspondent not a thousand miles from here (but we are glad to say outside of Orange), who writes us that "several" Northern families who have brought their money along and settled as citizens, are

not visited. The ladies voting they will "never visit Yankees!" Now this is not smart, girls—not a bit—and in nine cases out of ten, where this is the case, we'll wager that there are 'yankoo' girls whose beauty, if not accomplishments, excite your envy. You seek your sweet carcases with 'yankoo' babies, and almost go crazy after 'yankoo' fashions, (and the men too, if they are rich!) and we can't exactly 'see' your good sense, or your patriotism, wherever you 'show off.' In refusing to visit a genteel family because they came from the North, Purchase they belong to the same Church you do—will you refuse to go to heaven with them?

Cromwell, I charge thee to fling away that Ambition!

It matters but little whether the above is a verbatim quotation or not, having reason to believe that two-thirds of the delegates to the late County Convention wanted to be nominated for office or position of some sort, we desire to charge them all to fling away "ambition" ere they meet again next Saturday, or the radicals will swear they can't hold a light to you in the third and last and scramble after office. Upon the convocation of the Convention, we move the unanimous adoption of resolutions similar to this (the first thing)—

Resolved, That any member of this body proposing a Delegation's name for office or as a candidate for the Legislature, shall be deemed favorable to breaking up in a row.

Resolved, That we sacrifice our love of office upon the altar of patriotism, and hereby proclaim to the world that we don't want office and will not have it.

The adoption of these resolutions would secure harmony and remove all obstacles in the way of making nominations, while the outside sovereigns would all agree that the Convention was fairly held and its nominations the offspring of unadulterated patriotism.

Rich and Generous.

The celebrated Dr. Stronsberg, known as the railroad king, recently celebrated his silver wedding at Berlin. He is enormously wealthy; owns railroads in Romania, fortifications at Antwerp, and millions worth of property in the Duchy of Posen. During the bitter cold of last winter he fed ten thousand persons daily for a term of three weeks. Prince Charles, of Roumania, sent him sixteen horses of the purest blood; his engineers gave him a superb palace car, and the workmen in his factories offered him a fully equipped steamer. He is the Prussian Monte Christo.

The March of the Age.

In Paris a society already counting more than one hundred members, has been formed pledging themselves not to be buried after death, but to bequeath their bodies, for dissection, so as to aid the science of anatomy as much as possible. They also hope ultimately to eradicate the prejudice against dissection.

CASWELL.

A travelling correspondent of the Fayetteville Eagle, who recently visited Caswell, speaking of Leasburg says—

I was glad to find my old friend R. P. Hancock still running his large tobacco factory, despite the revenue grab-bill that is eternally sucking at the rate of \$32 on the hundred. Hancock is an energetic, liberal fellow and deserves success. He has some smoking tobacco on hand five years old that is sweet, aromatic and mellow, and as far superior to Durham (now not to be compared to what it was a few years ago) as Durham is to the execrable Lorillard. It strikes us Capt. Evans of the Hillsboro Recorder would relish it. So would "Long Grabs," if he affects the weed. It is the "Poemal" brand.

HE GOES TO MILTON.

Milton lies on Dan River, some 12 miles distant. I put up at the only Hotel of the place, kept by Mr. Gordon. He really feels well and what is good for the traveller charges very moderately. Milton was pronounced "a finished" town long ago by some discerning traveller, and I confess to no desire to question the correctness of the judgement. It is a "finished" place, and rather badly finished at that. But then it is "looking up." It is once more a tobacco mart, and the leaf is bringing remunerative prices. I attended a sale of several lots at one of the Warehouses (the Ellison Warehouse, does the principal business). Prices ranged from seven to forty dollars as well as I remember. A year ago the place was decidedly under the weather, but it is evidently reviving. I had the pleasure of meeting Capt. Evans, the junior Editor of the Hillsborough Recorder. He seems in good keeping, but was out on a foraging expedition.

In my trip through Caswell I heard but little said of the coming campaign. The whites of this county are all right and will vote against race and corruption. Who will be the candidates for Congress is by no means certain. Caswell's most able and distinguished adopted son, Judge Kerr, would be the man for the place, but unfortunately he is banned. It would be a cheering sign to have such a patriot and statesman once in Congress.

Larkin Ray, of Ashe county, has discovered a vein of pure mica (Isinglass) and is working it successfully. We have been surprised that a greater trade in this article has not built up in Mitchell and Cleveland counties. We know of several mines in each, and in Rutherford also, which have yielded blocks of 6 x 8 inches, from merely surface working. Mica of these dimensions would find ready sale at \$1 per pound. Askville Citizen.

More about the Barn Burnings, &c.

From a Yanceyville Correspondent.

YANCEYVILLE, May 11th.

Editors Recorder: Gentlemen—There has been a little news of interest that we have not written you for some time. There has recently been considerable excitement in Dan River Township caused by the property of old and inefficient citizens being burned by some sounders instigated by men who are as mean and devilish as the devil would have them be. On Sunday night before last two Tobacco barns containing tobacco belonging to Mr. Samuel Hinton aged about 70 years living in the aforementioned township were set on fire; fortunately the light was seen early enough by Mr. Hinton's hands to enable them to reach the scene in time to save one of the barns; the other however with its contents was consumed. Mr. Hinton is a quiet, peaceable citizen and we can imagine no reason why his property should have been thus ruthlessly destroyed. On Monday night after the above mentioned burning three Tobacco barns (under one roof) containing four thousand pounds fine tobacco, the property of Geo. Wm. Lea (same Township) was set on fire and entirely consumed; loss estimated between three and four thousand dollars. Geo. Wm. Lea (well known to the Senior Editor) is probably seventy years of age; is one of the most estimable citizens of the county; he is particularly courteous and kind to white and black. No one supposed he had an enemy so mean, so cowardly, as to perpetrate such a heinous act. It is reported that some weeks since some unknown persons went to the house of James M. Jones, Esq., living in Dan River Township, and we understand, he says they took him out, used him roughly, and give him notice that his conduct as magistrate was such that he had better quit the business. Jones resigned as magistrate some two weeks since and left the county two or three days before the first fire occurred in the Township. It is supposed the barn burning is in retaliation for the interviews held with Jones by unknown persons. What's to be the result of all this remains to be seen. No action has yet been taken concerning the election. No nominations made as yet. It is thought there need be no hurry in the matter. I will inform you when the nominations are made. W.

For the Recorder.

Messrs. Editors: In the last issue of your paper I see that a friend who signs himself "An Old Farmer," suggests my name "as a candidate for the State Legislature, and, though he had not consented to me, expresses the opinion that I would accept.

Whilst I am obliged to this friend for his kind opinion—as a representative of the people of my native county—he is mistaken as to my purpose.

I have made one uniform response to all who have spoken to me on the subject—that I could with no sort of propriety accept a nomination. I ask no place—and especially do not desire a seat in the Legislature.

I most sincerely hope the people of "Orange" will avoid all discord and acting in union and harmony will elect those equal to the grave duties of the times and who will with fidelity unite with all good men in protesting us from any new robbery, oppression or mis-rule.

P. C. CAMERON.

A feud existing for some time between two well known farmers in the upper part of Davidson county, was terminated very unexpectedly some two weeks ago by the death of one of the parties. The deceased had previously expressed his earnest wish that some unkind fate would overtake his enemy, and that he would have the pleasure of seeing him put safely under ground. But his desire recoiled upon himself, and he was the first to go. The survivor, upon receiving intelligence of his death, broke into extravagant demonstrations of delight, and thanked his good fortune that he was at last rid of his foe. Last week, however, the survivor was suddenly taken ill, and he too died, his spirit passing away to the world of shadows to join the spirit of him whom he had so much hated. Both were apparently hale, hearty men; and, taking into consideration the feud and the circumstances attending it, their deaths, within a week or two of each other, were somewhat singular.

Salem Press.

Bleeding from the nose is always regarded as an unwelcome event, yet, in the opinion of Dr. Hall, it is always beneficial, preventing headache or more serious illness, and sometimes arresting apoplexy and sudden death. Therefore it should not be immediately arrested. When the nose threatens to bleed excessively, it can sometimes be arrested by putting the feet in hot water, or by applying a mustard plaster between the shoulders.

FOREIGN.

A large lion, or idol, sent from China by Admiral Keppel as a present for the Prince of Wales, arrived at Landringham, England. The figure weighs three thousand pounds and is made of metal. It is not of great height but of massive proportions.

The Society for the suppression of cruelty to animals in Paris is out against frying small fish and eels alive.

The Prince of Wales is about to visit St. Petersburg on political business it is said. Being the husband of one of the daughters of Christian IX of Denmark it is thought he will endeavor to interest the Czar in favoring the rights of the Danish Crown in the Liholms Holstein question.

The Sultan is going to make a pilgrimage to Mecca.

The King of Prussia, it is said lives at the present time on eggs, caviar, milk and very strong French brandy.

There is a story in Paris that the Viceroy of Egypt has written Prince Pierre Bonaparte, offering him the command of a foreign legion to fight the Sultan. The Prince is so unwieldy that he has to have a sort of false collar on the saddle, when he rides horseback to hang on by.

New Advertisements.

PACE'S WAREHOUSE.

DANVILLE, VA., MAY 13TH, 1870.

Since our Report of 23rd April last, we have had large Sales at satisfactory prices, and herewith furnish a list of a few Sales made since then.

lot for Jas A. Eanes,	\$30 00
" " J D Emmerson,	55 00
" " B A Roswell,	60 00
" " David Anderson,	61 00
" " do	60 00
" " do	56 00
" " Solomon Waller,	65 00
" " R W Bondurant,	50 00
" " D T Lanier,	79 00
" " James Hall,	69 00
" " R A Holderly,	54 00
" " do	64 00
" " T P Davis,	52 00
" " do	60 00
" " H C Chaney,	62 00
" " John Morgan,	47 00
" " Thos Richardson,	46 00
" " Alex Halston,	55 00
" " John Wilkerson,	60 00
" " do	71 00
" " William Smith,	57 00
" " do	61 00
" " do	75 00
" " George English,	60 00
" " J T Schofield,	54 00
" " Samuel Vaughan,	70 00
783 lbs for J Hughes, at an average	60 00
780 " for J W Bohannon, at "	55 00

On the 12th instant, we obtained the following prices:

" " B D Paylor, Lugs	32 00
" " do	30 00
" " W E Clark,	75 00
" " do	57 00
" " do	25 00
" " do for N C Motley,	41 00
" " do for J Hughes Turner,	93 00
" " do for W U Colley,	63 00
" " do for same,	67 00
" " do for A J Clark, Lugs,	48 00
" " do	62 00
" " do	57 00
" " do	45 00
" " do	82 00
" " do	86 00
" " do	90 00
" " do	52 00
" " do	60 00
" " do	51 00
" " do	53 00

Consignments by Boat or Railroad.

The above needs no comment. If you want the "top of the Market" for your Tobacco, place it in our House, and we guarantee no good figures as can be obtained in the State.

The Premiums advertised by us to be paid on the 1st day of June, \$50 for the first—\$15 the Second—and \$10 for the Third, highest price Tierce Tobacco—Tierce to weigh not less than 200 lbs. nett, sold at our place, between the 1st February and 1st June, will be promptly paid on that day.

Messrs. E. S. Bell, W. N. Shelton and W. W. Worsham, will examine our Books and report the successful Planter, on the 31st day of May.

Tobacco solicited. Business promptly attended to. PACE, BROS. & CO., May 12.

DR. TUTT'S

SOUTHERN PREPARATION.

TUTT'S Sarsaparilla and Queen's Delight. "Expectorant." "Hair Dye, the best known." "Liver Pills." "Pain Abolisher." "Essence Jamaica Ginger." "Cod Liver Oil." "Golden Bitters."

At the Drug Store, JAS. Y. WHITTED, May 16th. no 17—11

State of North-Carolina.

ORANGE COUNTY—Superior Court, SPRING TERM, 1870.

John Berry, and Elizabeth Berry, Executors of John Berry sr., d'cd, p'lffs.

William W. Allison, and John J. Allison, Executors of Joseph d'cd's J. Allison, deceased.

[T] appearing on affidavit of the plaintiffs, to the satisfaction of the Court that a cause of action exists against the defendants in this case, and that John J. Allison one of the defendants hath departed from the State of North Carolina to avoid the service of summons:

It is therefore ordered by the court, that publication be made weekly for six successive weeks in the Hillsborough Recorder a newspaper published in the Town of Hillsborough, that the said John J. Allison be summoned to appear at the next Term of this court at the Court House in Hillsboro on the 8th Monday after the first Monday of September next, and answer to the complaint of the plaintiffs, otherwise the plaintiff will take judgment against the defendants for the sum of Five Hundred and Ninety one Dollars and fifty eight cents, with interest thereon from the 10th of May 1870 till paid.

Witness George Laws Clerk of said court at office in Hillsborough this 10th day of May A.D. 1870. (p's Sec. \$10.00) GEORGE LAWS, c.l.k.

State of North-Carolina.

ORANGE COUNTY—Superior Court, SPRING TERM, 1870.

Ruffin R. Tapp, Adm'r of Edmund P. Chambers, p't.

Nancy Chambers, Hannah Rushton, wife of Enoch Rushton, Susan Chambers and Jno M. Chambers.

[T] petition of the Plaintiff having this day been filed before me George Laws Judge of the Probate of Orange County, asking to sum of land described in the petition for the payment of the intestate debts, and it appearing that the defendants above named are non residents of North Carolina—it is therefore ordered that publication be made in the Hillsboro Recorder a newspaper published in Hillsboro for six successive weeks, notifying the defendants of the filing of the said petition, and exsmons them to be and appear at any office in Hillsboro on the 6th day of July 1870 and then and there answer or demur to the petition of the said Ruffin R. Tapp, Administrator for the said Edmund P. Chambers for the payment of debts.

GEORGE LAWS, Judge of Probate. (p's Sec. \$10.00)

I AM A CANDIDATE

I respectfully announce to the citizens within the reach of my place, that I am a candidate for all an office they have long felt was vacant. I am a CHEAP CASH & BARTER DEALER. The people have held no "Convention" to select for me, but from the general feeling visible from my cash drawers, I am confident "I am the man." I am in favor of "female suffrage" and shall be delighted with the "female voters," especially as I am receiving and opening this week my 2nd Summer Stock of hats, bonnets, flowers, ribbons, Dress goods, shoes, mens wear, coffee, sugar, molasses Fish &c. &c. May 18th. T. C. ELLIS.

Money Saved is Money Made.

OFFER at New Prices, at Farmer's Hall, the largest assorted stock in the State at Retail only AS LOW AS DANVILLE OR RALEIGH MONEY SAVED. By Buying Goods at Hillsborough. Best Calicoes 15 cents a yard. Coffee 20 cents per lb. HENRY N. BROWN.

RICHMOND ADVERTISEMENTS.



A COMPLETE LINE OF GENTS' CLOTHING, AND FURNISH'G GOODS READY-MADE AND MADE TO ORDER.

R. C. MORTON, COMMISSION MERCHANT RICHMOND, VA. Office—Shoekoe Warehouse Front.

RETURNS thanks to the planters of North Carolina and Virginia for the liberal patronage of the past and solicits continuance of consignments of Tobacco, Wheat, Corn, &c. Strict personal attention given to sales and prompt returns made. Bags furnished for grain, and cash advances made on consignments in hand when desired. march 30, 1870. 3m.

WM. R. PUCH, GEN'L COMMISSION MERCHANT, 13th St., between Main and Cary, RICHMOND, VA.

GIVES his undivided attention to the Commission Business, and respectfully solicits consignments of LEAF TOBACCO, WHISKY, CORN, FLOUR, and every variety of Country Produce. Grain Bags furnished upon usual terms. march 30, 1870. 3m.

A. Y. STOKES & CO., WHOLESALE GROCERS AND Commission Merchants, RICHMOND, VA.

WE KEEP a full stock of GROCERIES, Fertilizers, Larders, (both Mass and stick), and Liquors, which we offer to the trade (wholesale only) at lowest market rates. E. C. Personal Attention given to the sale of Leaf Tobacco. march 30, 3m.

Chas. D. Hill, W. G. Bentley, C. R. Skinner, James Potent, Council Co. N. C.

HILL, BENTLEY & SKINNER, Commission Merchants, No. 15 Pearl or 14th Street, RICHMOND, VA.

SOLICIT consignments of Tobacco, Grain, Flour, Cotton, Bacon, &c. nr 30 3m.

J. H. HARRIS, (Late Jeter & Harris), Commis'on Merchant

Office Shoekoe Warehouse, RICHMOND, VA.

I will get as much for your produce as any body, I make you quick returns and remittances, and my charges will be found less than others. I make no advances except on produce in hand, but you cannot afford to get advances when with a little energy you can send produce enough to market to pay for what you want at CASH WHOLESALE prices, say commission and interest. I will invest the proceeds of sales at very low rates. Wholesale prices, without charging commission. Refer to Rev. A. W. Mangum, mar 30 3m

GEO. J. HERRING & CO., Grocers and Commission Merchants,

And Dealers in all kinds of FINE LIQUORS, WINES, TEAS, &c. &c. No. 14 & 16 15th Street, Sole Proprietors of F. Seaman's Malted Rye Whiskey, the purest and best Whiskey made. All grades of Whiskey from common rectified to the best grades known to the trade. Groceries and Provisions. Sugars, Coffee, Teas, Candies, Soap, Starch, Bacon, Butter, &c. &c. Hams, Lard, Cheese, &c. &c. GEO. J. HERRING & CO., mar 30 3m Richmond, Va.

SPRING 1870!

T. R. Price & Co THE OLDEST ROCKY IN VIRGINIA!

Offer their North Carolina friends every Article in the DRY GOODS LINE,

As Low as any House in the U.S. can do it! NO HUMBUG RESORTED TO! But Value given for each friend's Money!

By every Arrival they are opening Shoppings, Cottons, Linens, Domestic, Foreign, Mourning Goods, elegant HATS and CAPS, Shawls, Mantles, Hosiery, Gloves, Corsets, Shirts, Mozambique, Linens, Organics, Gremadines, Mohairs, Alpacaes, &c. Orders attended to with great care & promptness (REFER TO JUNIOR EDITOR Recorder.) T. R. PRICE & CO. 1101 nearly op. P. Office. march 30, 3m RICHMOND, VA.

N. M. WILSON & CO., Commission Merchants,

13 and Cary Streets, Opposite Tobacco Exchange, RICHMOND, VA.

SOLICIT consignments of Tobacco, wheat, corn, &c. and Country Produce generally. Strict personal attention given to all sales and prompt returns rendered. On hand a full supply of Bags for grain. We are prepared to make liberal advances in cash. Fertilizers or Horsemanure on the faith of shipments, on consignment. We thank for the true liberality of our friends we hope to deserve a fair portion of their patronage. We will remit our friends currency by Express, or Check. Payments in Danville, no desired. Refer to—Edwin Graves Esq, Caswell, N. C. Col Wm. Martin, Esq, Johnston & Ficklen, Hancock, Danville, Va. J. J. Prichett, Pittsylvania county, Va. Dr. Wm. M. Carrington and S C Edwards, Halifax county, Va. Col J W Cunningham, Person, N. C. March 24. 10—6m

CLASSES at 40 cents. HATS at cheapas Molasses at 10 CENTS. PO GUT.

THE RECORDER

IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY, BY
C. N. B. EVANS & SON.

At \$2 50 per annum, or \$1 00 for six months, in
advance.
CLIPPING.—A Club of five subscribers can
have the paper one year for \$11 25. Club of ten
for \$22 50. Club of fifteen for \$33 75. Club of twenty
for \$45 00. Cash in advance.

Advertisements conspicuously inserted at \$1 a
square for the first insertion, and 50 cents a square
for each additional week. Ten lines or less make
a square.

ADVERTISING BY SPECIAL CONTRACT:
1 square 3 months \$6 00 6 months \$10 00 12 months \$18 00
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Half column 3 months \$3 00 6 months \$5 00 12 months \$9 00
One column 3 months \$4 00 6 months \$7 00 12 months \$12 00
No deviation from these terms. Parties not
allowed to exceed the space contracted for, unless
they pay extra.

FOETICAL.

"AMANTIS DES ADVERSARII" OR, "A LO-
VER'S HARD LUCK."

A homo flet one dark night
Puerilis viscare,
And mused there so very late,
That luna constant care.

Pier walking in the house,
Saw caput in fœdera,
Et suad mœstia a which
To see qui erat in there.

Soon, caput turned its mœstia round,
In via puerum:
Accusant there the pedemque,
Ohi maximum pœndum!

Progressus puer to the door
Cum magna quietate,
Et turned the key to lock him in,
Mœstia erat side.

Then pedemque rose to go,
Et flet hunky dore!
He non potest to go out,
The key's outside the fore.

Accusant sweet-heart mine the stairs,
Cum festinatio pedes,
Et rousat puerilis from their sleep,
Sed, habent not the door-key.

Then, excitato damno,
By her tumultuous voice,
Insensit currit to the door,
Et obvenit the lady.

"Fœrentum place?" the master roared,
"Why spoil you thus my somnum?"
Exile from the other door,
Si rousat have locked the front one!"

Puerilis tristes hung her head,
And took her lover's inanimus,
Et cito from the other door
His caput et insipidum.

Cum magna gradu redit home,
Refrenum nunquam pœndum,
Et never again est again,
Vexare people's sleeping.

Spice.

"The Fire Place" is the name of a Chi-
cago swigery.

A Buffalo child recently swallowed a box
of percussion caps. The parents have not
struck the child since.

A Jersey Bluebeard has just disposed of
his fourth wife, and is ready to receive propo-
sals for more, as soon as he gets out of
prison.

Somebody, in describing a beautiful lady,
says she has a face that "a painter might
dwell upon." Full-face that lady must
have.

Two boarding school girls, to avoid sep-
aration, took poison. A stomach pump
saved them, but they were bitter enemies
thereafter.

An Iowa woman, on receiving a decree
of divorce in the court-room, found a new
husband awaiting her, with a license in his
pocket, at the door.

A St. Louis husband had his suspicions
aroused by catching his wife holding chloro-
form to his nose when he pretended sleep.
She has gone to visit her mother.

A Michigan returned home the other
morning to find his baby hid in the collar
and his wife hung in the garret. Some-
body had been telling stories about him.

A son of the Emerald Isle, staggering
home the other night, was asked what ailed
him. He answered that he was "follow-
ing in the footsteps of his predecessors."

Don't take hold of a man who attempts
to elope with your daughter by the left leg.
An old fellow tried it in Des Moines, Iowa,
last week, and his capture amounted to one
leg.

Snooks was advised to get his life insured.
"Well, it would," said he; "it would be
just my luck to live forever, if I should."

Mrs. Snooks merely said, "Well, I wouldn't,
my dear."

A brave husband is Peter Fuller, of Del-
aware county, Ind., who, getting frightened
at what he thought was ghost, crept to the
back side of the bed and made his wife
lie before him.

When a Boston man has been out longer
than usual on an evening, his wife makes
him pronounce the word "Pantheopistio-
nism." If he makes a mistake or a "lie,"
she takes him across her knees at once.

At a recent church meeting in New Al-
bany, Indiana, one of the participants, on
rising to relate his experience, exhibited
considerable embarrassment, and began his
remarks by saying: "I feel—I feel—I feel—
I feel," and then broke down completely.

The company at first thought the brother
was going to sing "Shoo Fly."

A Fish Story.—We met a boy on the
streets yesterday, and without the ceremony
of asking our name, he exclaimed:
"You just orter been down to the river
while ago!"

"Why?" we inquired.

"Because, a nigger was in there swim-
ming and a big cat fish came up behind him
and swallowed both his feet and went swim-
ming along on top of the water with him,
and they came up behind another big fish,
and the nigger swallowed his tail, and the
nigger and the two fish went swimming
about."

"Well, then what?" we asked.

"Why, after a while the nigger swallow-
ed his fish, and the other fish swallowed
the nigger, and that's the last I saw of either
of them."

"Sonny, said we, with feelings of alarm
for the boy "you are in a fair way to be-
come the editor of a Radical paper," and
left him.—Knox Press.

The Wood Mowing Machine.



MITCHELL ALLEN & CO.,
NEWBERN, N. C.

AGENTS IN NORTH CAROLINA.



THE WOOD REAPER.

Send for Special Catalogue, and price list.
These Machines proved their excellence in
the Fair at Raleigh July 1868.

Plows at \$250; Thrashers at \$300; Older Mills \$25.
Low Prices for all.

MITCHELL ALLEN & CO.,
NEWBERN, N. C.

DENTAL NOTICE!

Dr. D. A. ROBERTSON,



He will visit Chapel Hill the first and third Monday
month, in each.

BRICK HOUSE,

LOWER END OF MAIN STREET

MILTON N. C.

I keep constantly on hand and offer for sale at the

Lowest Market Prices.

A FULL SUPPLY OF SHAPED AND FANCY

DRY GOODS,

Hats, Bonnets and Shoes, for Men & Women,

Groceries, Salt, Lard and Butter.

DAVID PATTERSON,

Agent for Gerst & Lieberger

W. A. CATTIS,

RETAIL DEALER IN

Confectionery, French & American

Candies,

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC FRUITS.

Canned Oysters, Salmon, Sardines, Peaches

PINE APPLE AND TOMATOES.

Fayetteville St., (next door to John C. Palmer.)

RALEIGH N. C.

Feb 16, 1870.

To the Ladies.

MRS. OWEN has returned

from New York, with a

variety of new styles of

Trimmings and Hats, Flowers, Ribbons,

beautiful and rare. She

has added to her Millinery

stock many fancy articles such

as Ladies' fine Lace Collars and Cuffs, single and

double Linen Collars, Ladies' Gloves, Silk and Kid

Valle of all colors. Also Paravels with lace covers,

Handkerchiefs, Ladies' and Children's Stockings

and Socks, Corsets and all the latest styles of Chil-

dren and Cuffs &c. &c.

She can furnish her customers with

Trimmed Bonnets from

\$2 to \$6.

Hats and Bonnets untrimmed from \$1 to \$250.

She wishes her country friends to know she will

take all kinds of trade in exchange for any of the

above articles.

April 20.

The North & South United

BY THE GREAT METROPOLITAN.

Through Passenger Route!

SEE THAT YOUR TICKETS ARE GOOD

Via Petersburg, Weldon, Raleigh, and Charlotte.

N. C. RAIL ROAD TIME TABLE.

STATIONS. MAIL. LEAVE. ARRIVE. LEAVE.

Charlotte, Salisbury, Greensboro, Raleigh, Goldsboro.

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